NCAA Division I Graduation Success Rate and NCAA Division II Academic Success Rate

Public Use Dataset Codebook

Division II National Aggregation Student-Body



Study Overview

Introduction.

The Federal Graduation Rate, Graduation Success Rate (GSR) and Academic Success Rate (ASR) all measure the graduation success of students at NCAA member institutions in a relatively similar fashion. At their core, all are based on a comparison of the number of students who entered a college or university in a given year and the number of those who graduated within six years of their initial enrollment. For example, if 100 students entered and 60 graduated within six years, the rate is 60 percent.

$$Rate = \frac{Cohort\ Members\ Graduating\ within\ 6\ Years}{All\ Cohort\ Members}*100$$

Where these rates differ is in how each defines the relevant cohort of students.

Definitions.

Federal Graduation Rate.

An institution's Federal Graduation Rate cohort for a given academic year includes undergraduate students who enrolled in the fall of that academic year as first-time, full-time, baccalaureate-degree-seeking freshmen. The Federal Graduation Rate cohort for the entire student-body includes all students who meet that definition; the federal cohort for student-athletes includes those who meet that definition <u>and</u> receive athletics aid from the college or university for any period during their freshman year. [Note: Athletics aid is a grant, scholarship, tuition waiver or other assistance that is awarded on the basis of athletics ability.]

The federal student-body and student-athlete cohorts are not mutually exclusive; student-athletes are included in both (i.e., the student-athlete cohort is a subset of the student-body cohort). Students and student-athletes who become permanently disabled, leave school to join the armed forces or foreign services, leave to attend a church mission, or die during the six-year collection window are considered "allowable exclusions" and are removed from the cohort.

Graduation Success Rate (GSR).

The GSR is calculated only for student-athletes who are on a team that plays at the NCAA Division I level. An institution's GSR cohort for a given year includes the student-athletes in the federal cohort for that year as defined above (minus exclusions), as well as student-athletes who entered midyear and those who transferred into the institution from either two-year or four-year colleges (see below for more details on transfers). In the GSR, student-athletes who leave the institution but would have been academically eligible to compete in athletics if they had returned, are removed from the cohort thus reducing the denominator of the rate.

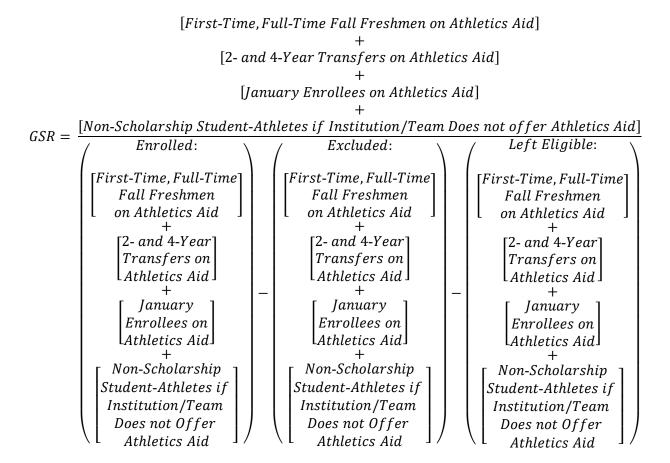
For teams that offer athletically related financial aid, midyear enrollees and transfers must receive athletics aid in their first term at the institution to be included in the GSR cohort.

Transfers are placed in the cohort corresponding to their first year of full-time enrollment in any postsecondary institution. For example, a student-athlete who first enrolls full time in Institution A in 2002-03, then transfers to Institution B in 2004-05, would be part of Institution B's 2002-03 GSR cohort. If Institution A is an NCAA member and the student-athlete left in good academic standing, he or she is essentially removed from Institution A's 2002-03 GSR cohort and added to Institution B's 2002-03 cohort.

Some Division I institutions do not offer athletically related financial aid (Ivy League, military academies) or do not grant athletically related financial aid in all of their sponsored sports. The GSR cohort for these institutions or squads will consist of freshmen who are on the roster as of the team's first date of competition.

GSR Calculation Formula.

Graduates:

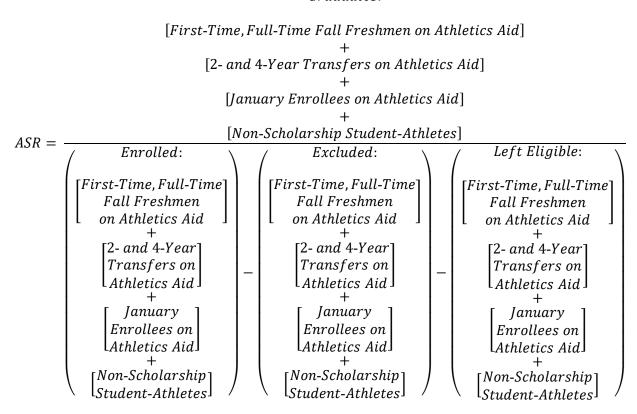


Academic Success Rate (ASR).

The ASR is calculated only for student-athletes who are on a team that plays at the NCAA Division II level. The cohort definition is identical to Division I's GSR, except that it includes all non-aided freshmen student-athletes who are on a roster during their first year at the institution, rather than just those on athletics aid.

ASR Calculation Formula.

Graduates:



Data File No. 8: Division II National Aggregation Student-Body.

General Note.

This file should be used for analyses of student-body data by gender and/or ethnicity for the Division II population. The file is aggregated at the level of ethnicity within gender for Division II. It contains national aggregated numbers on numerators and denominators for Federal Graduation Rate at the level of gender and race/ethnicity. The sample included in this file covers Division II student-body from cohort 1995 through cohort 2010. Because the sample

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included in this file is limited to **active** Division II member schools, the numbers in this data file may differ slightly from the national aggregated numbers in the graduation rate reports published on ncaa.org.

Key Terms.

Cohort.

A cohort is a group of students who began their full-time postsecondary education in the same academic year. In this study, cohort is named as the year of the fall term. For example, student cohort 1995 refers to students who first began college full time during the 1995-1996 academic year.

Single-Year (or Single-Cohort) Aggregation.

This file contains national aggregated numbers for the Federal Graduation Rate for each cohort from 1995 through 2010. The rates for a given cohort are reported in the spring immediately after the cohort's six-year graduation window has expired. Schools may also correct these rates during the following three reporting periods; after that, the Federal Graduation Rate/ASR numbers become final. These final numbers are reported in this data file. Because publicly reported rates are not revised after the first year, the rates in this data file may differ slightly from the single-year rates reported in the searchable database on ncaa.org.

| Cohort | First FED/GSR report | Last year for FED/ASR correction |
|--------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1995 | Spring 2002 | Spring 2005 |
| 1996 | Spring 2003 | Spring 2006 |
| 1997 | Spring 2004 | Spring 2007 |
| 1998 | Spring 2005 | Spring 2008 |
| 1999 | Spring 2006 | Spring 2009 |
| 2000 | Spring 2007 | Spring 2010 |
| 2001 | Spring 2008 | Spring 2011 |
| 2002 | Spring 2009 | Spring 2012 |
| 2003 | Spring 2010 | Spring 2013 |
| 2004 | Spring 2011 | Spring 2014 |
| 2005 | Spring 2012 | Spring 2015 |
| 2006 | Spring 2013 | Spring 2016 |
| 2007 | Spring 2014 | Spring 2017 |
| 2008 | Spring 2015 | Spring 2018 |
| 2009 | Spring 2016 | Spring 2019 |
| 2010 | Spring 2017 | Spring 2020 |

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Variable Description

| Variable | Variable Description Variable Description and Coding (notes in italics) | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | Student body gender | | |
| GENDER_SB | M = Male | | |
| | F = Female | | |
| | Student body race/ethnicity | | |
| | Coding: | | |
| | aa = African-American | | |
| | hsp = Hispanic | | |
| | $\mathbf{wh} = \mathbf{White}$ | | |
| | other = All other race/ethnicity groupings, including: | | |
| ETHNICITY_SB | | | |
| | American Indian/Alaskan Native, Asian, Native | | |
| | Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, Non-Resident Alien, Two or | | |
| | More Races, Unknown. | | |
| | It is important to note that the "other" category might not | | |
| | contain students from all the above race/ethnicity groupings. | | |
| | For example, "other" could contain only Asian and Non- | | |
| | Resident Alien students for some schools. | | |
| DATATAB_FED_ | Note: Federal numerator = students who graduated and | | |
| NUMERATOR | were part of the final federal cohort for that year | | |
| FED_NUM_2010_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2010 | | |
| FED_NUM_2009_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2009 | | |
| FED_NUM_2008_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2008 | | |
| FED_NUM_2007_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2007 | | |
| FED_NUM_2006_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2006 | | |
| FED_NUM_2005_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2005 | | |
| FED_NUM_2004_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2004 | | |
| FED_NUM_2003_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2003 | | |
| FED_NUM_2002_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2002 | | |
| FED_NUM_2001_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2001 | | |
| FED_NUM_2000_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 2000 | | |
| FED_NUM_1999_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 1999 | | |
| FED_NUM_1998_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 1998 | | |
| FED_NUM_1997_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 1997 | | |
| FED_NUM_1996_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 1996 | | |
| FED_NUM_1995_SB | Federal numerator, student-body single cohort 1995 | | |
| | Note: Federal denominator = enrolled students minus | | |
| DATATAB_FED_ | exclusions | | |
| DENOMINATOR | Exclusions: Death or permanent disability; church mission; | | |
| | military service; public service mission (e.g., Peace Corps) | | |
| FED_DEN_2010_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2010 | | |

| FED_DEN_2009_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2009 |
|-----------------|--|
| FED_DEN_2008_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2008 |
| FED_DEN_2007_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2007 |
| FED_DEN_2006_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2006 |
| FED_DEN_2005_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2005 |
| FED_DEN_2004_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2004 |
| FED_DEN_2003_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2003 |
| FED_DEN_2002_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2002 |
| FED_DEN_2001_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2001 |
| FED_DEN_2000_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 2000 |
| FED_DEN_1999_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 1999 |
| FED_DEN_1998_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 1998 |
| FED_DEN_1997_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 1997 |
| FED_DEN_1996_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 1996 |
| FED_DEN_1995_SB | Federal denominator, student-body single cohort 1995 |

Federal Graduation Rate Calculation.

Please see the Study Overview section of this document for information on cohort definition and rate calculation.

To calculate a Federal Graduation Rate using this dataset:

- 1. Choose the appropriate aggregation (e.g., gender, race/ethnicity, or some combination) and sum the numerators and denominators for that aggregate group.
- 2. Divide the summed numerator by the summed denominator and multiply by 100.

For example, to calculate the 2002 Federal Graduation Rate for all male students:

- 1. Aggregate on GENDER_SB.
- 2. Divide the aggregated sum of GRAD_FED_NUM_2002_ SB by the aggregated sum of FED_DEN_2002_SB, and multiply by 100.

Note: In an effort to ensure confidentiality, this file was carefully examined for low cell sizes. A numerator or denominator value of three or fewer was deleted and is treated as missing in this data set. If a numerator was deleted, so too was the corresponding denominator. Consequently, using this data file, it may not be possible to calculate Federal Graduation Rate or ASR for every gender, sport or ethnicity combination.